PROBLEMS IN PRACTICE TEST 3

1. If S is a plane in Euclidean 3-space containing (0,0,0), (2,0,0) and (0,0,1), then S is the

- (A) xy-plane
- (B) xz-plane
- (C) yz-plane
- (D) plane y z = 0
- (E) plane x + 2y 2z = 0

2. If a and b are real numbers, which of the following are necessarily true?

- I. If a < b and $ab \neq 0$, then $\frac{1}{a} > \frac{1}{b}$. II. If a < b, then ac < bc, for all real numbers c.
- III. If a < b, then a + c < b + c, for all real numbers c.
- IV. If a < b, then -a > -b.

Choose one of these answers:

- (A) I only
- (B) I and III only
- (C) III and IV only
- (D) II, III and IV only
- (E) I,II,III and IV

 $3. \int_0^1 \int_0^x xy \, dy \, dx =$

- (A) 0
- (B) 1/8
- (C) 1/3
- (D) 1
- (E) 3

4. For
$$x \ge 0$$
, $\frac{d}{dx}(x^e \cdot e^x) =$

(A)
$$x^e \cdot e^x + x^{e-1}e^{x+1}$$

(B)
$$x^e \cdot e^x + x^{e+1}e^{x-1}$$

(C)
$$x^e \cdot e^x$$

(D)
$$x^{e-1}e^{x+1}$$

(E)
$$x^{e+1}e^{x-1}$$

5. All functions f defined on the xy-plane such that

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}[f(x,y)] = 2x + y$$
 and $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}[f(x,y)]x + 2y$

are given by f(x,y) =

(A)
$$x^2 + xy + y^2 + C$$

(B)
$$x^2 - xy + y^2 + C$$

(C)
$$x^2 - xy - y^2 + C$$

(D)
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2 + C$$

(E)
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + C$$

6. Which of the following could be the graph of the derivative of the function whose graph is shown in the figure above?



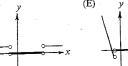


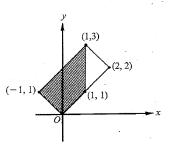


(C)



(D)





7. Which of the following integrals represents the area of the shaded portion of the rectangle shown in the figure above?

(A)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} (x + 2 - |x|) dx$$

(B)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} (|x| + x + 2) dx$$

(C)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} (x + 2) dx$$

(D)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} |x| \, dx$$

(E)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} 2 \, dx$$

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n+1} =$$

$$(A) \frac{1}{e}$$

$$(B) \log 2$$

$$(C) 1$$

$$(D) e$$

- (E) $+\infty$