## Problem Set 11 Math 4281, Spring 2014 Due: Wednesday, April 16

## **Permutation groups**

- 1. Given the permutations  $\sigma = (1 \ 2 \ 4), \tau = (1 \ 3)(2 \ 4) \in S_4$ , compute the following elements: a.  $\sigma^{-1}$  b.  $\sigma\tau$  c.  $\tau\sigma$  d.  $\sigma^2$  e.  $\sigma^2\tau$  f.  $\sigma\tau\sigma^{-1}$  g.  $\tau\sigma\tau^{-1}$
- 2. a. Prove that a k-cycle in  $S_n$  is an element of order k.
  - b. Prove that when we represent a permutation as a product of disjoint cycles, the order of the permutation is the least common multiple of the lengths of these cycles.
- 3. Determine if  $\sigma = (1\ 2)(1\ 3\ 4)(1\ 5\ 2), \tau = (1\ 2\ 4\ 3)(3\ 5\ 2\ 1) \in S_5$  are even or odd.
- 4. Prove that  $A_n$  contains an *n*-cycle if and only if *n* is odd.

## Group homomorphisms and isomorphisms

- 5. Show that  $\phi \colon \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C}^{\times}$  given by  $\phi(t) = \operatorname{cis}(2\pi t)$  is a homomorphism. Show that  $\mathbb{Z}$  is the kernel of  $\phi$  and the unit circle in the complex plane is the image of  $\phi$ .
- 6. Let  $a \in G$  be fixed, and define  $\phi \colon G \to G$  by  $\phi(x) = axa^{-1}$ . Prove that  $\phi$  is a homomorphism. Under what circumstances is  $\phi$  an isomorphism?
- 7. Let  $\zeta = \operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)$ . Prove that the dihedral group  $D_n$  is isomorphic to the subgroup of  $\operatorname{GL}_2(\mathbb{C})$  obtained by taking all products of the two matrices  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} \zeta & 0 \\ 0 & \zeta \end{bmatrix}$  and their inverses. (In other words, by taking the subgroup generated by these two matrix elements.)

Throughout the course of this assignment, I have followed the guidelines of the University of Minnesota Student Conduct Code.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_