## Problem Set 2 Math 4281, Spring 2014 Due: Wednesday, February 5

Complete the following items, staple this page to the front of your work, and turn your assignment in class on Wednesday, February 5.

## **Properties of the integers**

1. Prove that the square of an even number is even and the square of an odd number is odd.

## **Division and Euclidean algorithms**

- 2. Using the division algorithm, show that every perfect square (i.e., a number of the form  $n^2$ ) is of the form 4k or 4k + 1 for some nonnegative integer k.
- 3. For the pairs of numbers a and b, calculate gcd(a, b) and find integers r and s such that gcd(a, b) = ra + sb.
  - (a) 234 and 165
  - (b) 1739 and 9923
  - (c) 23771 and 19945
- 4. Define the *least common multiple* of two nonzero integers a and b, denoted by lcm(a, b), to be the nonnegative integer m such that both a and b divide m, and if a and b divide any other integer n, then m also divides n. Prove that any two nonzero integers a and b have a unique least common multiple.
- 5. If d = gcd(a, b) and m = lcm(a, b), prove that dm = |ab|.
- 6. Using the fact that 2 is prime, show that there do not exist integers p and q such that  $p^2 = 2q^2$ . Demonstrate that therefore  $\sqrt{2}$  cannot be a rational number.

Throughout the course of this assignment, I have followed the guidelines of the University of Minnesota Student Conduct Code.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_