

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

**Math 5651 Lecture 002 (V. Reiner) Midterm Exam II**  
**Thursday, March 31, 2016**

This is a 115 minute exam. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones, watches or other electronic devices are allowed. You can leave answers as fractions, with binomial or multinomial coefficients unevaluated.

There are a total of 100 points. To get full credit for a problem you must show the details of your work. Answers unsupported by an argument will get little credit. Do all of your calculations on this test paper.

Problem	Score
1.	_____
2.	_____
3.	_____
4.	_____
5.	_____
6.	_____
Total:	_____

**Reminders:**

$$\Pr(A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n) = \sum_{k=1}^n (-1)^{k-1} \sum_{1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_k \leq n} \Pr(A_{i_1} \cap \dots \cap A_{i_k})$$

$$S = \sqcup_{i=1}^n B_i \Rightarrow \Pr(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr(A \cap B_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr(A|B_i)\Pr(B_i) \text{ and } \Pr(B_i|A) = \Pr(A|B_i)\Pr(B_i)/\Pr(A)$$

$$\text{cdf } F(x) := \Pr(X \leq x), \text{ while pdf } f(x) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} F(x)$$

$$g_1(x|y) = f(x, y)/f_2(y), \quad g_2(y|x) = f(x, y)/f_1(x)$$

$$f_1(x) = \int_{y=-\infty}^{y=+\infty} f(x, y)dy, \quad f_2(y) = \int_{x=-\infty}^{x=+\infty} f(x, y)dx$$

When  $\underline{Y} = \underline{r}(\underline{X}) \Leftrightarrow \underline{X} = \underline{s}(\underline{Y})$ , then  $f(\underline{x}), g(\underline{y})$  satisfy  $g(\underline{y}) = f(\underline{s}(\underline{y})) \cdot |J|$  where  $J := \det \left( \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial y_j} \right)$

$$\mathbf{E}X = \begin{cases} \sum_k k \cdot f(k) & X \text{ discrete,} \\ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x) dx & X \text{ continuous.} \end{cases}$$

X	p.f. f(k)	EX
Bin(n, p)	$\binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$ for $k \in \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$	pn
Hypergeom(A, B, n)	$\binom{A}{k} \binom{B}{n-k} / \binom{A+B}{n}$ for $k \in \{0, 1, \dots, \min\{A, n\}\}$	$\frac{A}{A+B} n$
Poi(λ)	$e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}$ for $k \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$	λ

**Problem 1.** (20 points) Let  $X_1, X_2$  be random variables with joint pdf

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} 2x_2 & \text{if } 0 < x_1 < 1 \text{ and } 0 < x_2 < 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

a. (10 points) Are  $X_1, X_2$  independent? You must justify your answer.

b. (10 points) Defining the random variable  $Y := X_1 - X_2$ , compute the pdf  $g(y)$  for  $Y$  for all  $y$  in  $\mathbb{R}$ .

**Problem 2.** (15 points) Assume that a 10 person committee is chosen from among 60 women and 30 men, with all possible choices equally likely. Let  $X$  denote the number of women on the committee, and  $Y$  the number of men on the committee.

a. (5 points) Calculate  $\mathbf{E}X$ .

b. (10 points) Calculate  $\mathbf{E}(X - Y)$ .

**Problem 3.** (15 points) Let  $X$  be a discrete random variable whose values lie in  $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, n\}$ . Prove that

$$\mathbf{E}X = \mathbf{Pr}(X \geq 1) + \mathbf{Pr}(X \geq 2) + \dots + \mathbf{Pr}(X \geq n - 1) + \mathbf{Pr}(X \geq n)$$



**Problem 5.** (15 points total) Let  $X$  be a continuous random variable, uniformly distributed on the interval  $[0, 4]$ .

a. (10 points) Let  $Y$  be a continuous random variable chosen uniformly on the interval  $[0, x]$  after knowing the value  $X = x$ . Compute the conditional pdf  $g_1(x|y = 1) = g_1(x|1)$  for all values of  $x$ .

b. (5 points) Compute the pdf  $g(z)$  for  $Z = X^5$ .

**Problem 6.** (*15 points total*) A group of  $n$  people walk into a restaurant, hand their hat to the hat-check attendant, and after dinner, the attendant hands back one of the hats uniformly at random to each person.

Let  $X$  be the random variable which is the number of people that receive their own hat. Compute  $\mathbf{E}X$ .

(Hint: Try writing  $X$  as a sum of simpler *indicator random variables*, that is, random variables that take on values 0 or 1.)