## Math 8245 Date due: October 24, 2018.

Homework 3

1. Use GAP to show that

$$\langle a, b, c \mid a^2 = b^2 = c^2 = (ab)^2 = (bc)^3 = (ca)^5 = 1 \rangle \cong A_5 \times C_2.$$

2. The generalized quaternion group of order  $2^n$  has a presentation

$$\langle a, b \mid a^{2^{n-1}} = 1, b^2 = a^{2^{n-2}}, bab^{-1} = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

Use GAP to investigate the generalized quaternion group of order 32. Get a list of the orders of the elements. Compute the derived subgroup and the center. Draw a picture of the lattice of subgroups of this group. What is the minimum degree of a faithful permutation representation of this group?

- 3. Write out a proof of this theorem: Let G be a group for which there is a transitive finite G-set  $\Omega$  with the following property: for every G-set  $\Psi$  there is a homomorphism of G-sets  $\Omega \to \Psi$ . Then G is finite, and  $|G| = |\Omega|$ .
- 4. (Question 11.4 from Rotman's book) A group G is *injective*  $\Leftrightarrow$  whenever we are given a subgroup A of a group B and a homomorphism  $f : A \to G$  there exists a homomorphism  $g : B \to G$  so that the restriction of g to A is f. Prove that injective groups have order 1. [Hint (D.L. Johnson): let A be free on  $\{a, b\}$  and let  $B = A \rtimes \langle c \rangle$  where c has order 2 and  $cac^{-1} = b$ ,  $cbc^{-1} = a$ .]
- 5. (Question 11.5 from Rotman's book) Let  $X = \{x_k \mid k \in K\}$  and let  $Y \subseteq X$ . If F is free on X and H is the normal subgroup generated by Y, show that F/H is free.
- 6. (Question 11.6 from Rotman's book) Show that a free group F on  $\{x, y\}$  has an automorphism f with f(f(a)) = a for all  $a \in F$  and with the further property that f(a) = a if and only if a = 1.

PJW

## Extra Questions: do not hand in

- 7. Use GAP to show that SL(2,5) has a normal subgroup of order 2 such that the quotient is isomorphic to  $A_5$ . Show that SL(2,5) has no subgroup isomorphic to  $A_5$ . Identify the Sylow 2-subgroups of SL(2,5).
- 8. Use GAP to investigate the groups

$$\langle a,b,c \ \big| \ a^2 = b^2 = c^2 = (ab)^2 = (bc)^3 = (ac)^4 = 1 \rangle$$

and

$$\langle a, b, c \mid a^2 = b^2 = c^2 = (ab)^2 = (bc)^3 = (ac)^3 = 1 \rangle$$

In each case identify the quotient by the center G/Z(G) and determine whether or not  $G = Z(G) \times H$  for some subgroup H.

9. Let F be a free group of rank 2. Show that it is possible to find a set of three elements that generate F, no two of which generate F.