FM 5001 Fall 2011, Midterm #1 Handout date: Wednesday 19 October 2011 **Time for exam: ONE HOUR**

For PROCTORS of online students: Email scan to: adams@math.umn.edu Preferred FAX: 612-624-6702 Alternate FAX: 612-626-2017 Exam must be received by 24 hours after the ending time for in-person students. Thank you. Time to take exam: 1 hour

STUDENT, PLEASE PRINT NAME:

Remember to read to the bottom and to SIGN YOUR NAME BELOW!

Closed book, closed notes, no calculators/PDAs; no reference materials of any kind. Show work; a correct answer, by itself, may be insufficient for credit.

I understand the above, and I understand that cheating has **severe consequences**, from a failing grade to expulsion.

STUDENT, PLEASE REMEMBER TO SIGN YOUR NAME:

I. Definitions: Complete the following sentences.

a. (Topic 0022(11), 3 pts.) Let V and W be subspaces of Euclidean spaces. A map $L: V \to W$ is **linear** if

b. (Topic 0015(13), 3 pts.) $s_1 + s_2 + s_3 + \cdots = s$ means ...

c. (Topic 0002(29), 3 pts.) Let $S \subseteq \overline{\mathbb{R}}$, $b \in \overline{\mathbb{R}}$. We say b is a **lower bound** of S, written $b \leq S$, if ...

d. (Topic 0002(29), 3 pts.) Let $S \subseteq \overline{\mathbb{R}}, b \in \overline{\mathbb{R}}$. We say b is the **infimum** or **glb** of S, written $b = \inf S$, if ...

e. (Topic 0015(4), 3 pts.) Let a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots be a sequence of real numbers. Then the **liminf** of a_j is ...

II. True or False. (No partial credit.)

a. (Topic 0017(32), 3 pts.) If a series has only finitely many nonpositive terms, then all of its rearrangements have the same sum.

b. (Topic 0020(15), 3 pts.) Every subset of \mathbb{R} is open or closed (or both).

c. (Topic 0022(18), 3 pts.) A linear transformation is one-to-one iff its kernel is $\{0\}$.

d. (Topic 0016(8), 3 pts.) For any smooth function $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$, there is a polynomial $p : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ of degree ≤ 3 such that $J_0^3 p = J_0^3 f$.

e. (Topic 0022(14), 3 pts.) Let $A, B : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$ be linear transformations. Assume, for all $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^n$, that $(A(v)) \cdot w = (B(v)) \cdot w$. Then A = B.

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I.	
II.	
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$\operatorname{III}(\operatorname{8ab}).$	

III. Computations. Some of your answers may involve Φ , the cumulative distribution function of the standard normal distribution. (Unless otherwise specified, answers must be exactly correct, but can be left in any form easily calculated on a standard calculator.)

1. (Topic 0008(16), 5 pts.) How many monomials are there of degree exactly 4 in 9 variables? (Express your answer as a product of integers.)

2. (Topic 0009(23-25), 5 pts.) Compute $\int x^2 e^{-x^2/2} dx$.

3. Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$.

a. (Topic 0023(11), 5 pts.) Find a matrix C such that $L_C = L_A \circ L_B$.

b. (Topic 0023(19), 5 pts.) Compute $A\oplus B.$ (This is a matrix of scalars, not a matrix of matrices.)

c. (Topic 0023(20), 5 pts.) Compute $A \otimes B$. (This is a matrix of matrices.)

4. (Topic 0015(13), 5 pts.) Let $s := \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2^2} + \frac{3}{2^3} + \frac{4}{2^4} + \frac{5}{2^5} + \cdots$. Write $s - \frac{s}{2}$ as a sum of a geometric series, and use this to compute s.

5. (Topic 0016(22), 10 pts.) Assume that $f'''(x) \leq 6$, for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Assume that f(0) = f'(0) = f''(0) = 2. Among all functions f satisfying those two conditions, find the maximum possible value of f(3).

6. (Topic 0018(15), 10 pts.) Compute $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(e^{1/n} + \sin(2/n) \right)^n$.

7. (Topic 0019(29), 10 pts.) Let $i := \sqrt{-1}$ and let $f(x, y) = |x + iy|^2 + e^{(x+iy)^3}$. (Here x and y are real variables.) Let U and V be, respectively, the real and imaginary parts of f(x, y). Compute U and V as expressions of x and y.

8. Let $f(x) = (\cos x) + (\sin^2(x/2))$.

a. (Topic 0016(6), 5 pts.) Find the second order Maclaurin approximation of f.

b. (Topic 0018(35), 5 pts.) Compute $\lim_{n\to\infty} [f(5/\sqrt{n})]^n$.