

Calculus

W 10 October 2012

RESET THE
SESSION

SET THE
PARTICIPANT
LIST

PLUG IN THE
RECEIVER

Boxed answers agree with
TurningPoint answers

Points agree with
TurningPoint points

Points total to 100

Topics covered are in bounds

QUIZ
FOLLOWS

$$(d/dx)(\arctan x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$(d/dx)(\arctan e^x) = ??$$

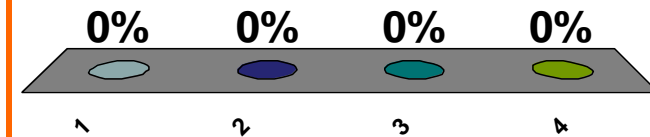
(a) $\frac{1}{1+(e^x)^2}$

(b) $(\operatorname{arcsec}^2 e^x)(e^x)$

(c) $\frac{1}{1-(e^x)^2}$

(d) none of the above

Correct answer: $\frac{e^x}{1+(e^x)^2}$



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

0 of 5

Topic 0370

10 pts

5

$$(d/dx)(\arctan x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

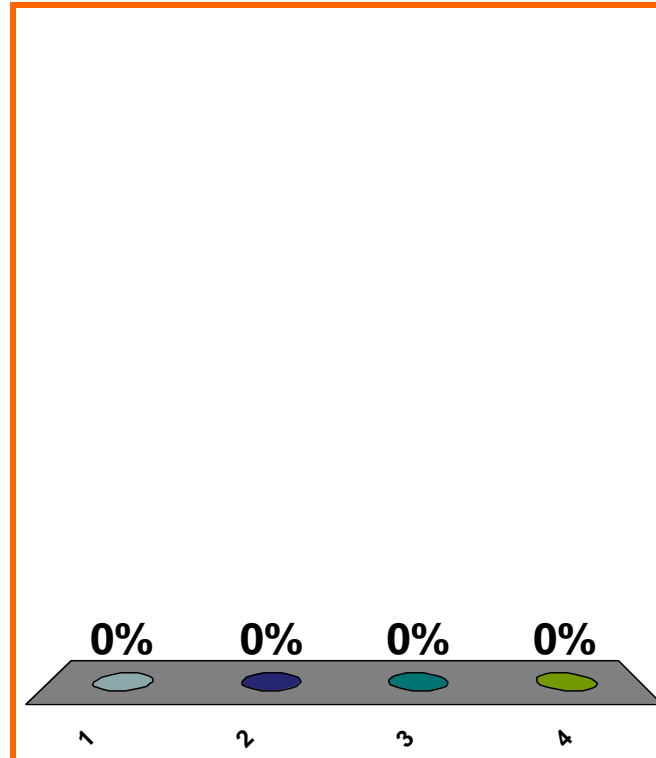
$$(d/dx)(\arctan e^x) = ??$$

(a) $\frac{1}{1+(e^x)^2}$

(b) $(\operatorname{arcsec}^2 e^x)(e^x)$

(c) $\frac{e^x}{1+(e^x)^2}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0370

10 pts

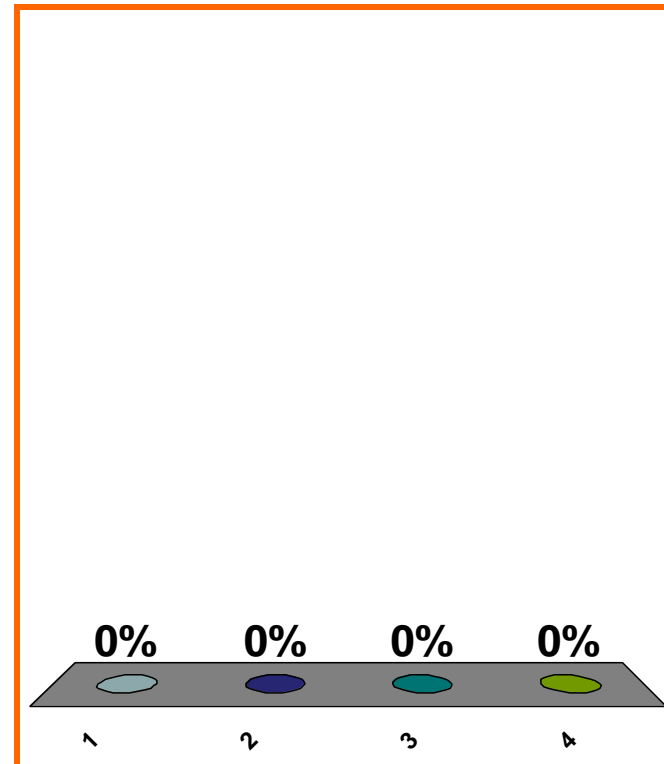
$$(d/dx)(e^{-2x})$$

(a) e^{-2x}

(b) e^{-2}

(c) $-2e^{-2x}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

$$(d/dx)(e^{-2x})$$

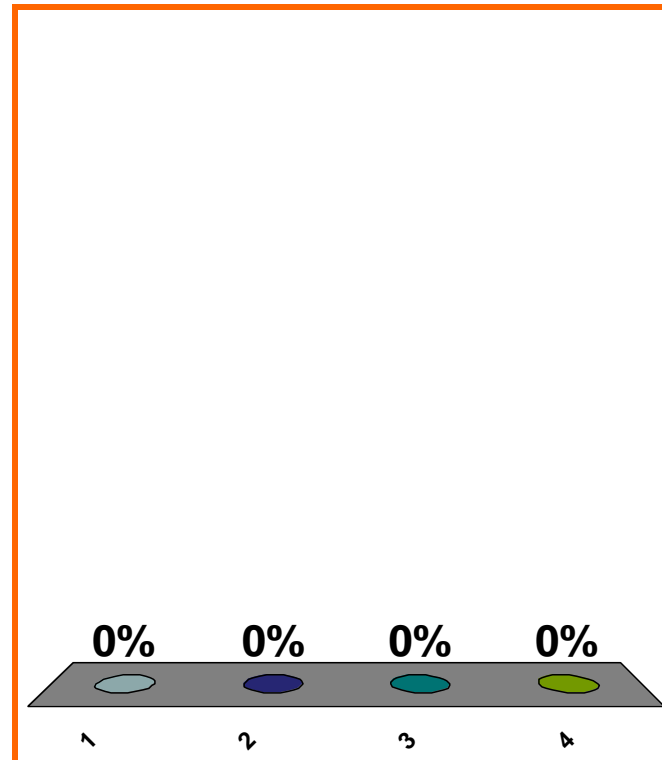
(a) e^{-2x}

(b) e^{-2}

(c) $2e^{2x}$

(d) none of the above

Correct answer: $-2e^{-2x}$



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0370

0 pts

8

$$h'(x) = [g'(f(x))][f'(x)]$$
$$h'(4) = [g'(f(4))][f'(4)]$$

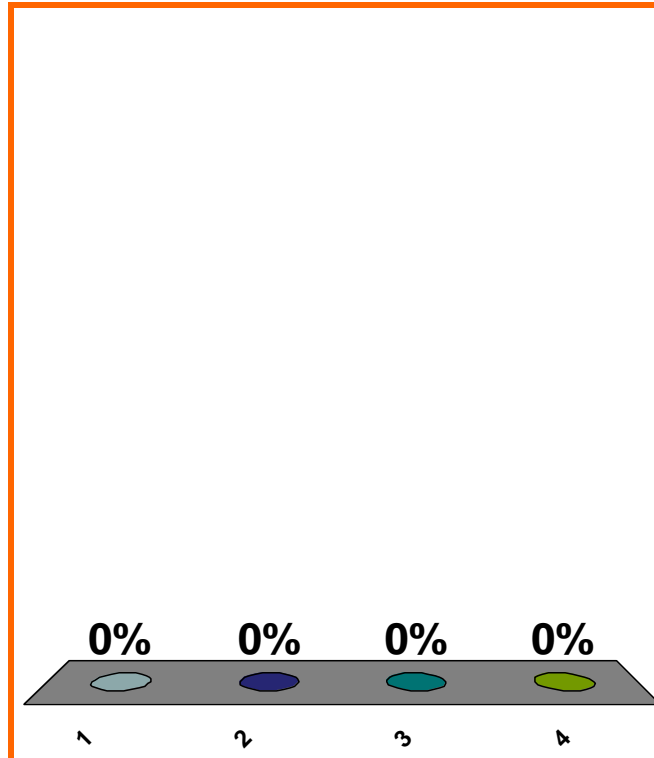
$$f(4) = 7, f'(4) = 1$$
$$g(7) = 6, g'(7) = 3$$
$$h(x) = g(f(x))$$
$$h(4) = ??, h'(4) = ??$$

(a) 42, 27

(b) 6, 3

(c) 6, 27

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0370

10 pts

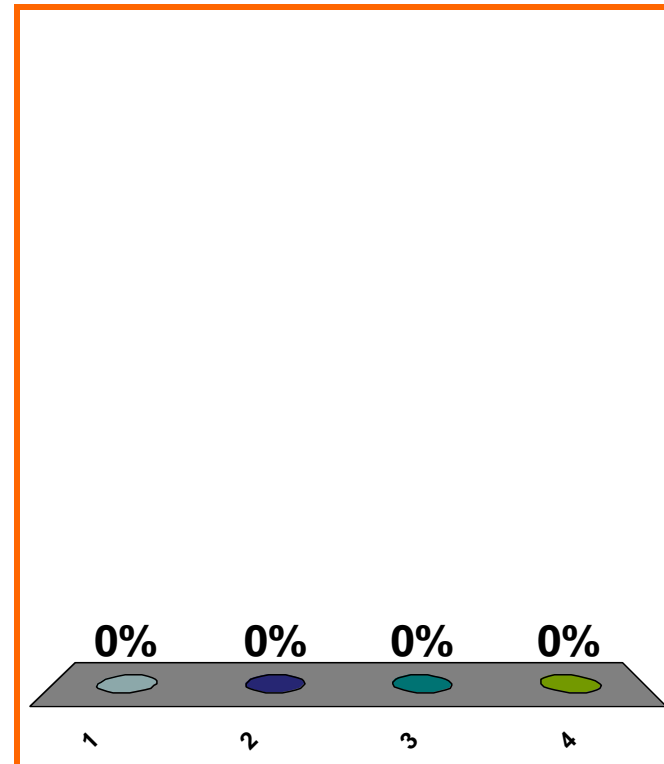
$$\frac{d}{dt} [\csc \theta]$$

(a) $-\csc \theta \cot \theta \dot{\theta}$

(b) $-\csc \theta \cot \theta$

(c) $-\csc^2 \theta \dot{\theta}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

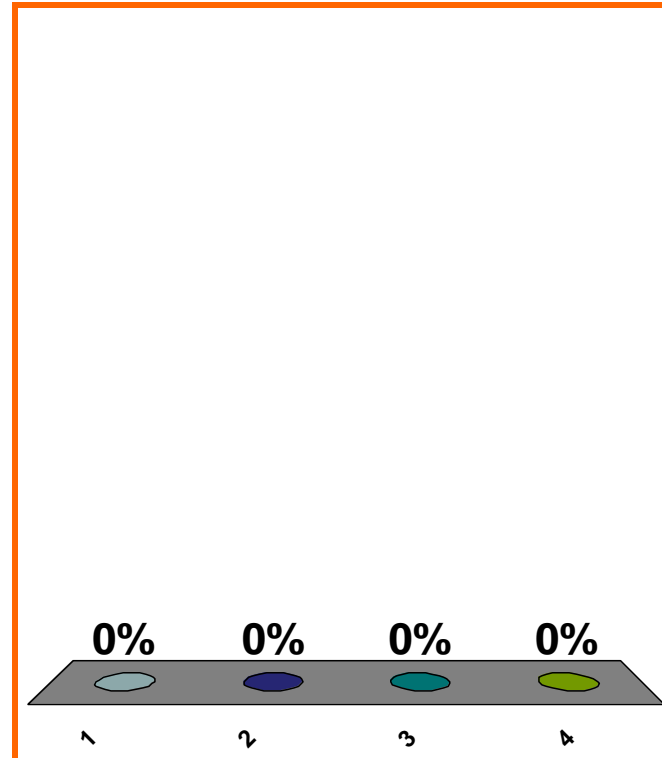
$$(d/dx)(\ln x)$$

(a) $1/x$

(b) $|1/x|$

(c) $1/x, x > 0$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

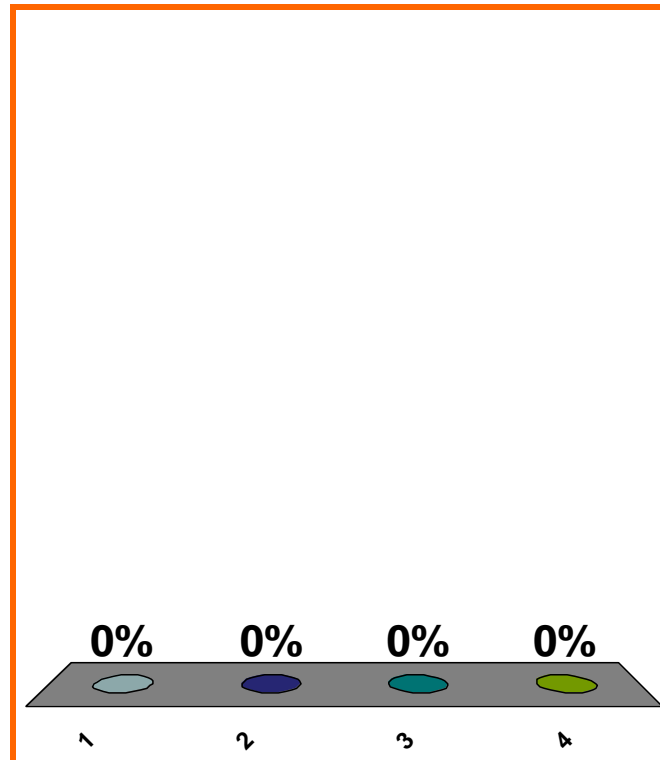
$$(d/dx)(\ln |x|)$$

(a) $1/x$

(b) $|1/x|$

(c) $1/x, x > 0$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

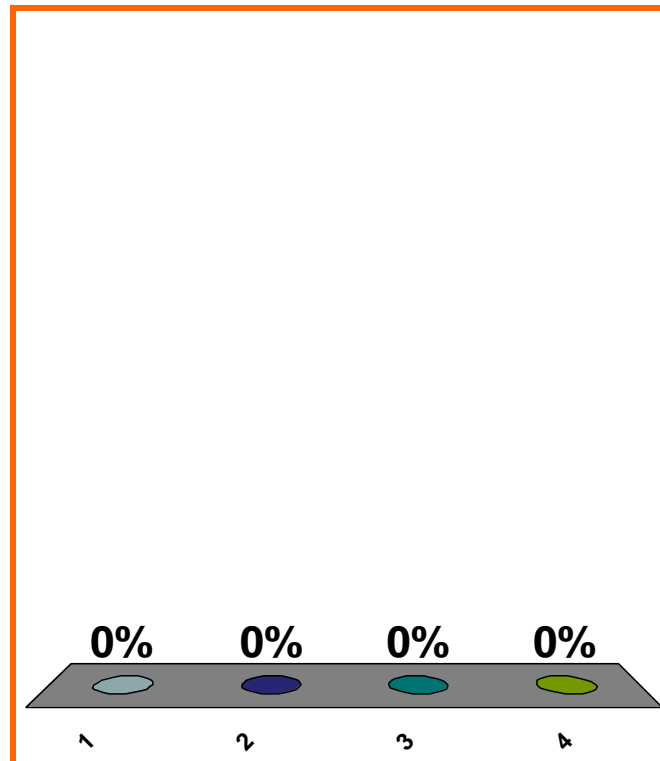
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\ln(x^2 + 4x - 1) \right]$$

(a) $\ln(2x + 4)$

(b) $\left[\ln(x^2 + 4x - 1) \right] [2x + 4]$

(c) $\frac{2x + 4}{x^2 + 4x - 1}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

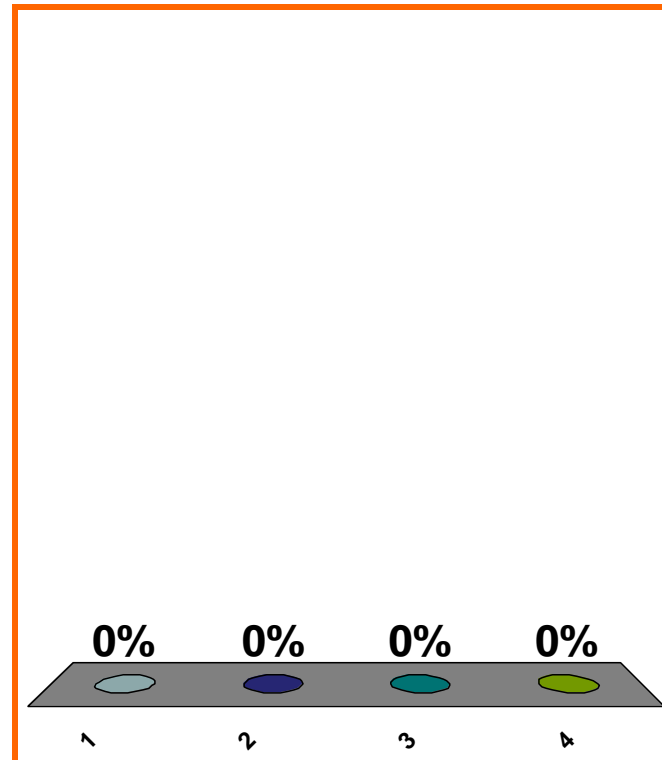
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\ln \left((x^2 + 4x - 1)^{1/3} \right) \right]$$

$$(a) \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2x + 4}{x^2 + 4x - 1}$$

$$(b) \left(\frac{2x + 4}{x^2 + 4x - 1} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$(c) \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x + 4}{x^2 + 4x - 1} \right)^{-2/3}$$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0390

10 pts

14

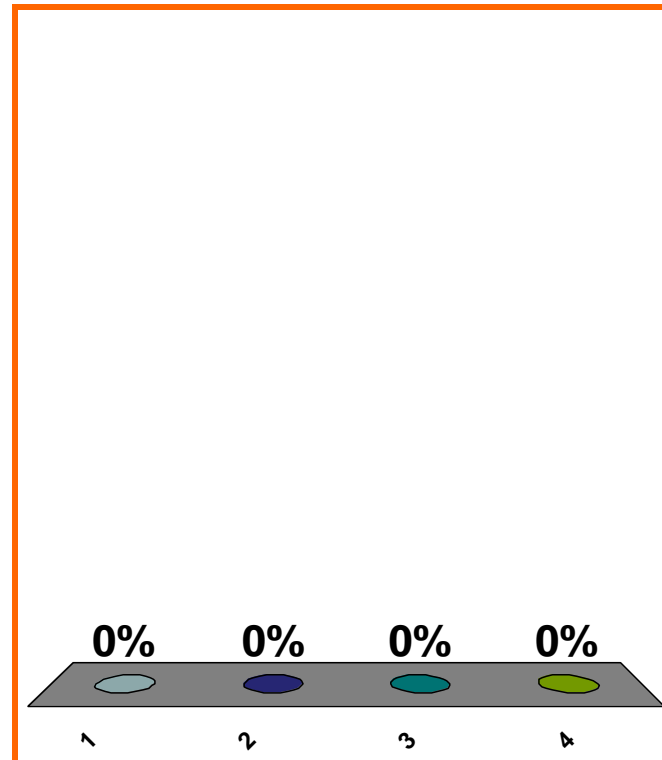
(a) $\ln |2x + 3|$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\ln |x^2 + 3x - 1| \right]$$

(b) $\frac{2x + 3}{x^2 + 3x - 1}$

(c) $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 1}{2x + 3}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

Principle of log diff:

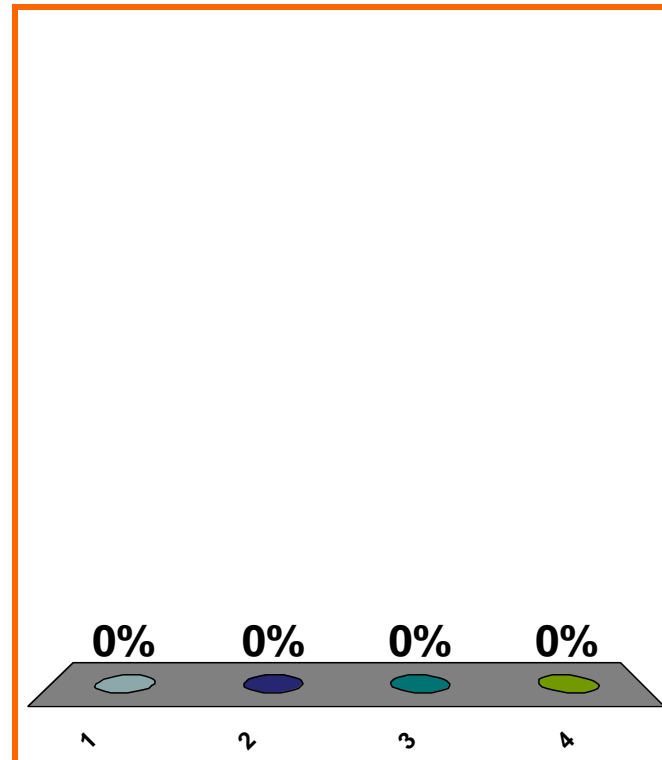
$$f'(x) = ??$$

(a) $(d/dx)(\ln |f(x)|)$

(b) $[f'(x)]/[f(x)]$

(c) $[f(x)][(d/dx)(\ln |f(x)|)]$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

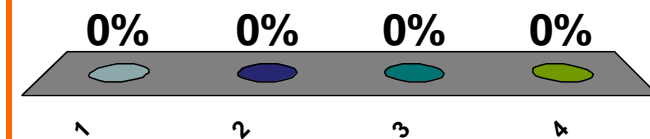
$$(a) x(1 + x^2)^{x-1} \left[\frac{d}{dx} (1 + x^2) \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[(1 + x^2)^x \right]$$

$$(b) x(2x)^{x-1}$$

$$(c) \left[(1 + x^2)^x \right] \left[\frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot \ln(1 + x^2)) \right]$$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0400

10 pts

17

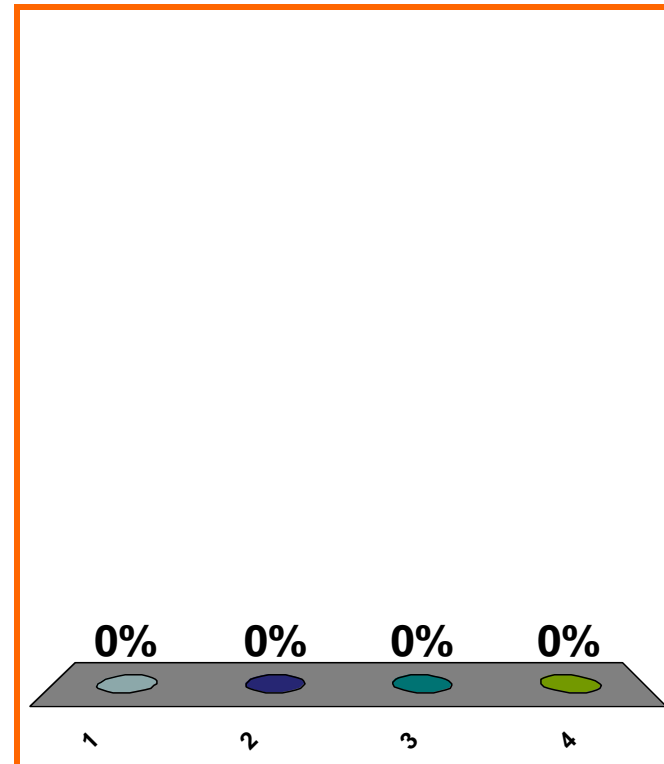
logarithmic derivative w.r.t. x of
 $-x^4 + 5x^2 + 2$

(a) $-4x^3 + 10x$

(b) $\frac{-x^4 + 5x^2 + 2}{-4x^3 + 10x}$

(c) $\frac{-4x^3 + 10x}{-x^4 + 5x^2 + 2}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0400

0 pts

Find $\log_{10}(7)$,

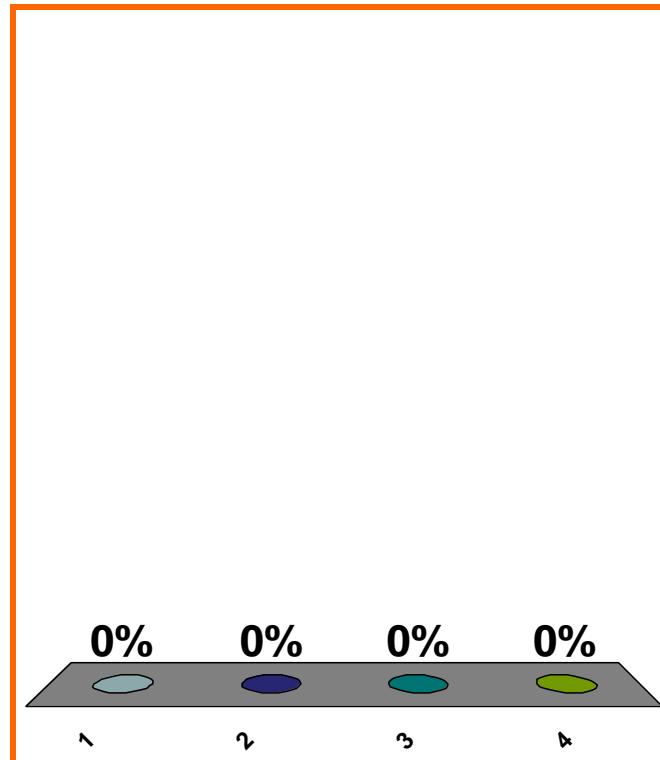
i.e., solve $10^{??} = 7$.

(a) $\frac{\ln 10}{\ln 7}$

(b) $\frac{\ln 7}{\ln 10}$

(c) $\ln(7/10)$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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precalc

0 pts

19

Find $\log_{10}(x)$,

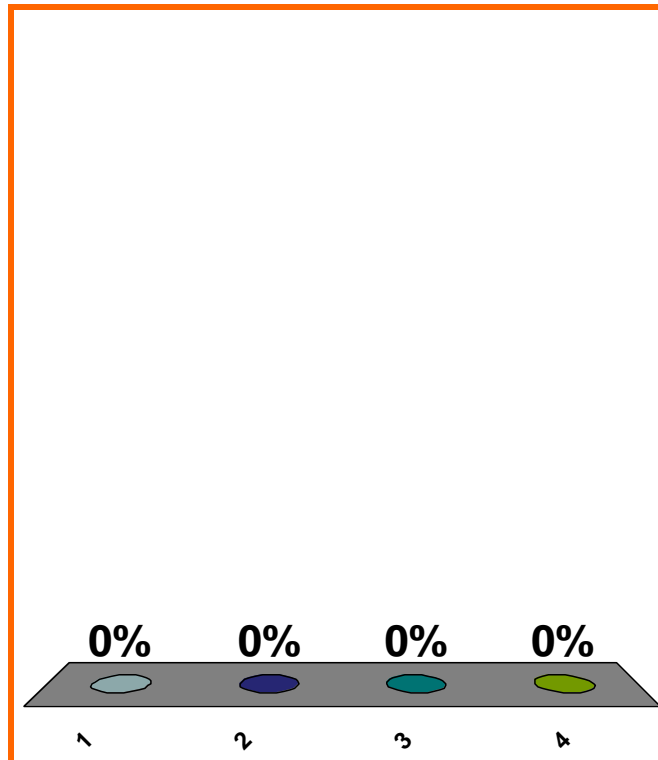
i.e., solve $10^{??} = x$.

(a) $\frac{\ln 10}{\ln x}$

(b) $\frac{\ln x}{\ln 10}$

(c) $\ln(x/10)$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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precalc

0 pts

20

$$\log_{10}(x) = \frac{\ln x}{\ln 10}$$

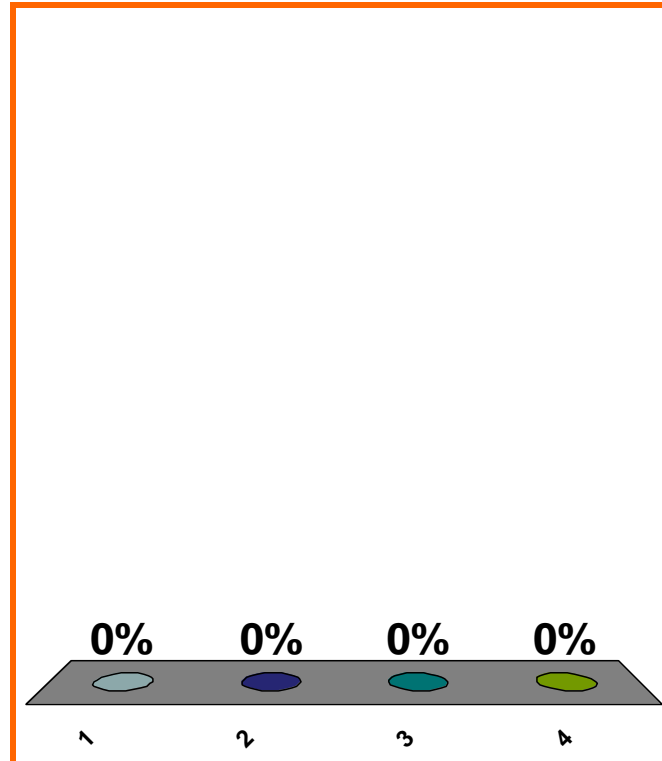
$$\frac{d}{dx} [\log_{10}(x)] = ?? \quad x > 0$$

(a) $\frac{1/x}{\ln 10}$

(b) $\frac{1/x}{1/10}$

(c) $\frac{\ln x}{1/10}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

$$f(x) = e^x + x^5$$

slope of tangent line at $(1, e + 1)$?

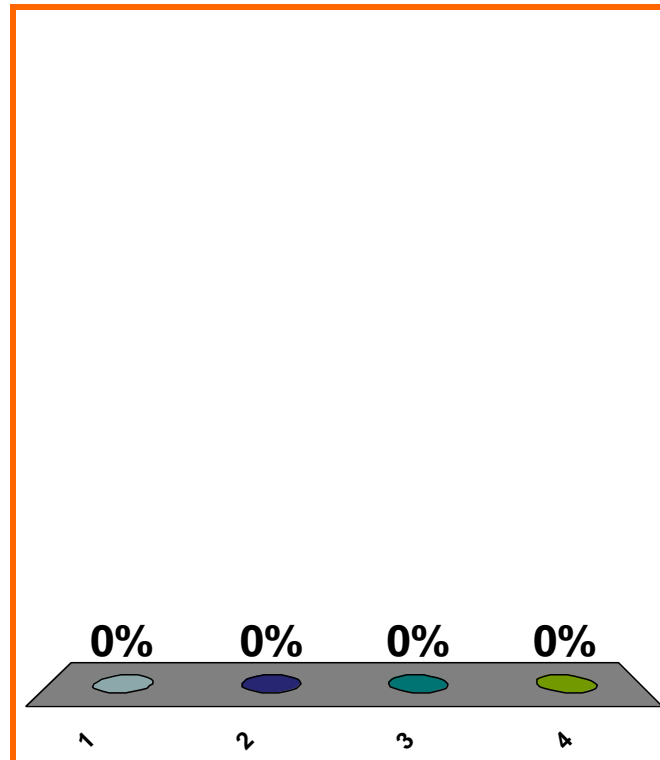
$$f'(x) = e^x + 5x^4$$

(a) $e + 1$

(b) $e^x + 5x^4$

(c) $e + 5$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

$$h'(x) = \frac{[g(x)][f'(x)] - [f(x)][g'(x)]}{[g(x)]^2}$$

$$h'(4) = \frac{[g(4)][f'(4)] - [f(4)][g'(4)]}{[g(4)]^2}$$

(a) $7/6, (6 - 21)/3^2$

(b) $7/6, (21 - 6)/3^2$

(c) $7/6, (6 - 21)/6^2$

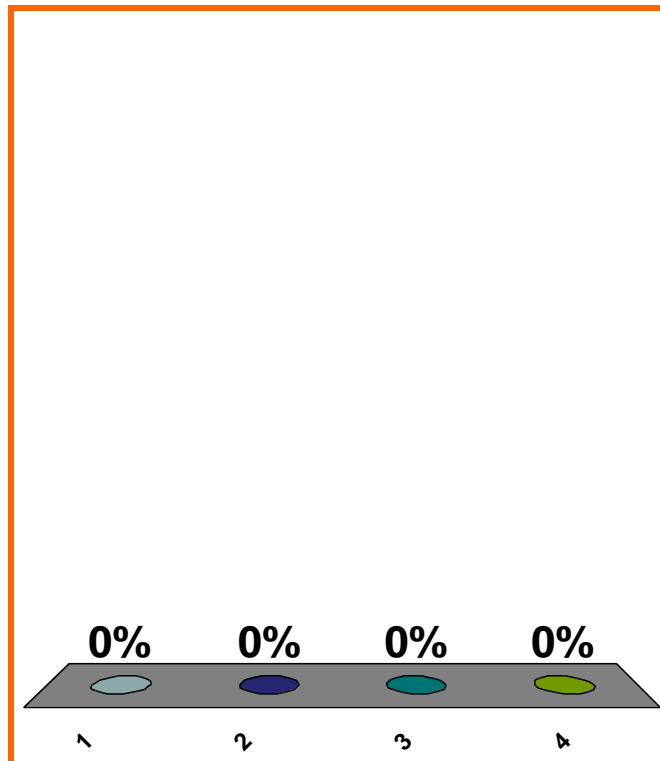
(d) none of the above

$$f(4) = 7, f'(4) = 1$$

$$g(4) = 6, g'(4) = 3$$

$$h(x) = [f(x)]/[g(x)]$$

$$h(4) = ??, h'(4) = ??$$



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0350

0 pts

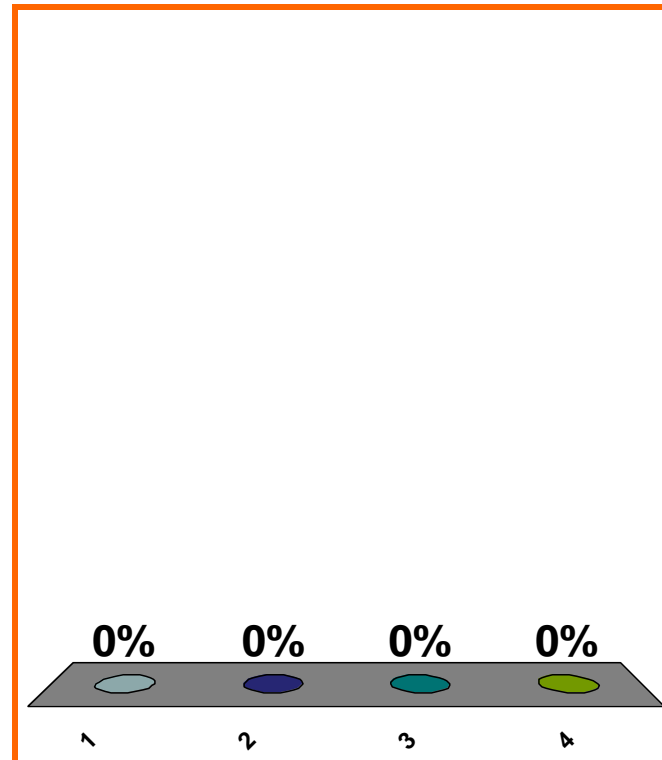
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{\sin x}{x^2} \right] = ??$$

(a) $\frac{(\sin x)(2x) - (x^2)(\cos x)}{x^4}$

(b) $\frac{\cos x}{2x}$

(c) $\frac{(x^2)(\cos x) - (\sin x)(2x)}{x^4}$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

$$\frac{d}{dx} [x \sin x + 4 \cos x] = ??$$

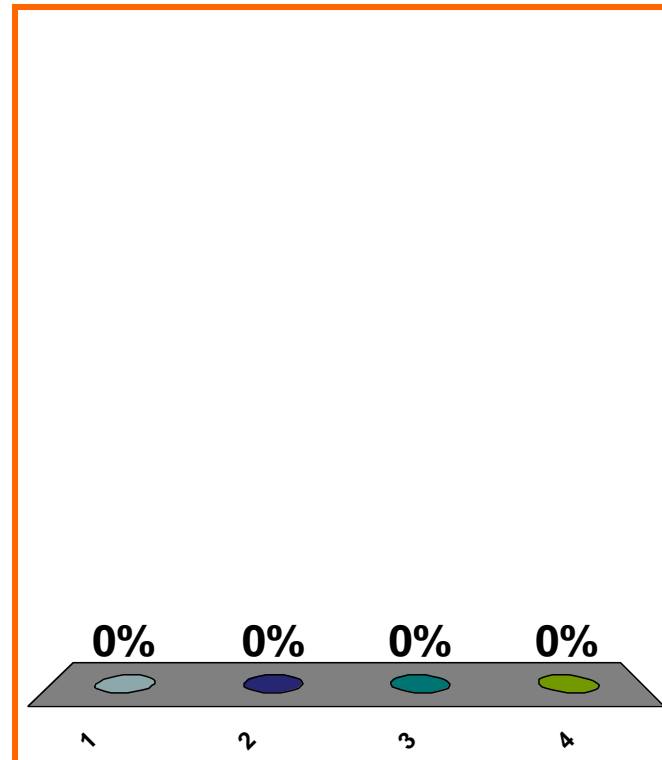
(a) $(1)(\cos x) + (0)(-\sin x)$

(b) $x \cos x + 4 \sin x$

(c) $x \cos x - 4 \sin x$

(d) none of the above

Correct: $\sin x + x \cos x - 4 \sin x$



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0360

0 pts

25

$$f(x) = x^3, \quad f'(x) = 3x^2$$

eq'n of tan. line at
(2, 8)

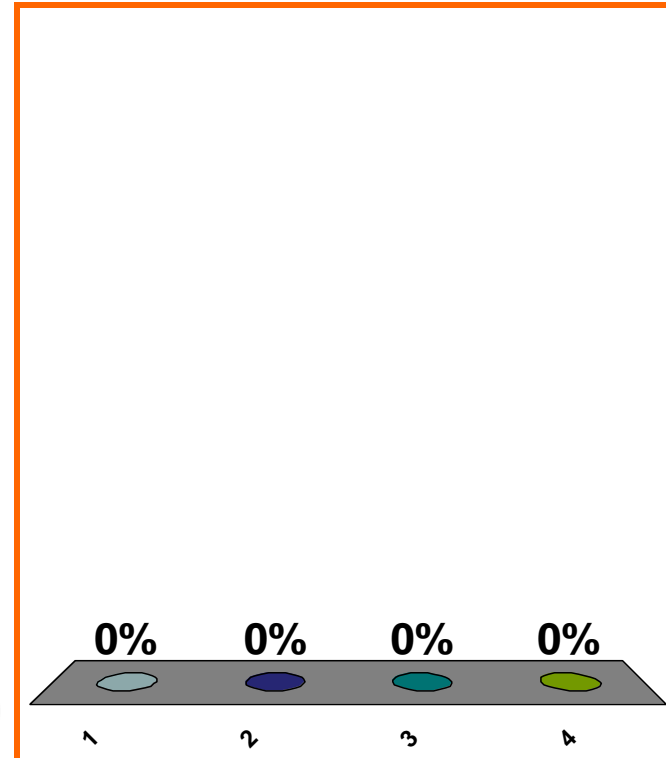
(a) $y - 2 = 3x^2(x - 8)$

(b) $y - 8 = 3x^2(x - 2)$

(c) $x - 8 = 3x^2(y - 2)$

(d) none of the above

Correct: $y - 8 = 12(x - 2)$



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

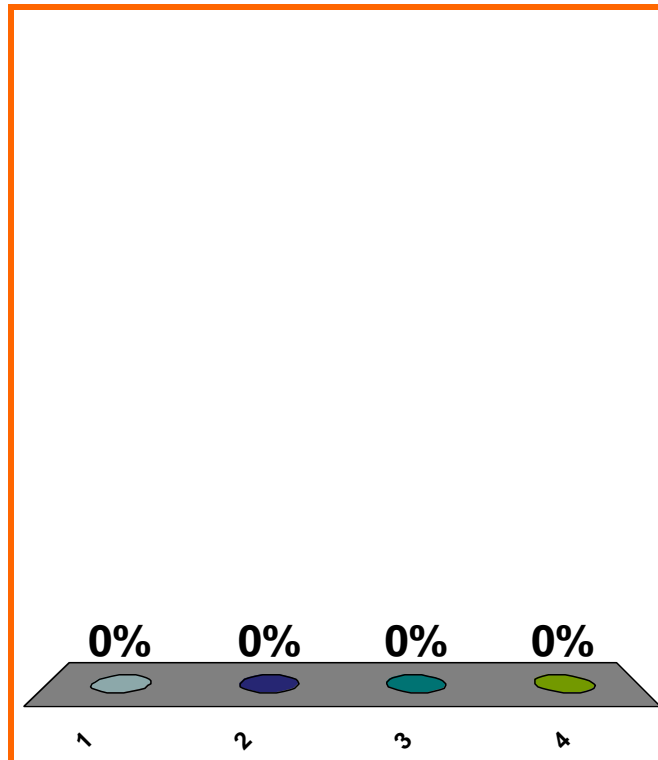
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left[\frac{100x^4 + 2x - 1}{x + 1} \right] = ??$$

(a) $-\infty$

(b) ∞

(c) 100

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0250

0 pts

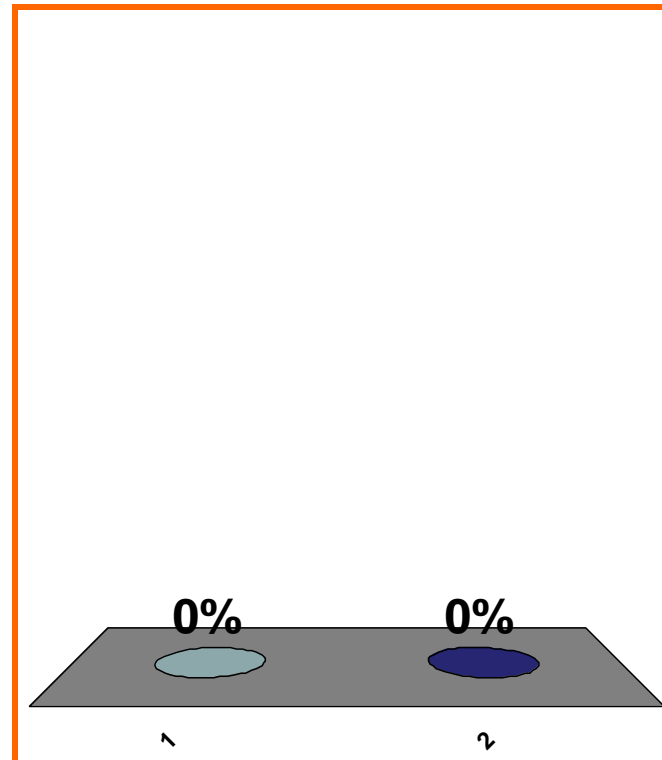
27

T or F:

$f' > 0$ on $(2, 3)$
 $\Rightarrow f$ incr. on $(2, 3)$

(a) True

(b) False



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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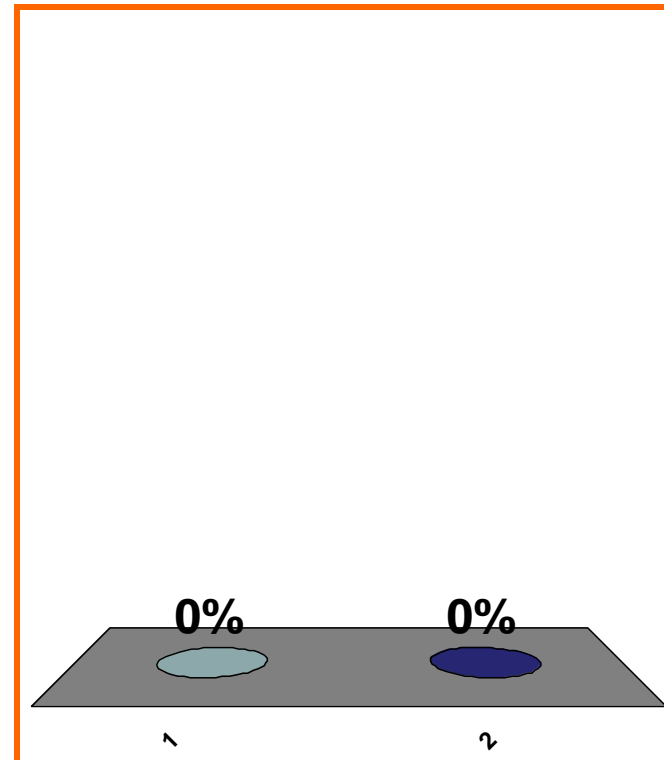
T or F:

f incr. on $(2, 3)$

$\Rightarrow f' > 0$ on $(2, 3)$

(a) True

(b) False



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

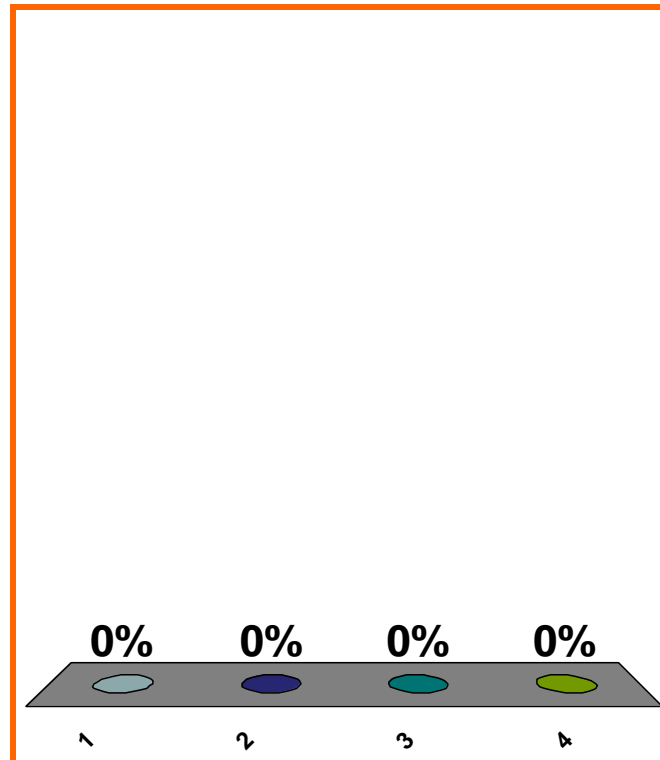
$$\frac{d}{dx} [(\ln 8)(\sin 3)] = ??$$

(a) 0

(b) $(1/8)(\sin 3) + (\ln 8)(\cos 3)$

(c) $(1/8)(\cos 3)$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0310

0 pts

30

$$\frac{d}{dx} [7^{1/2}] = ??$$

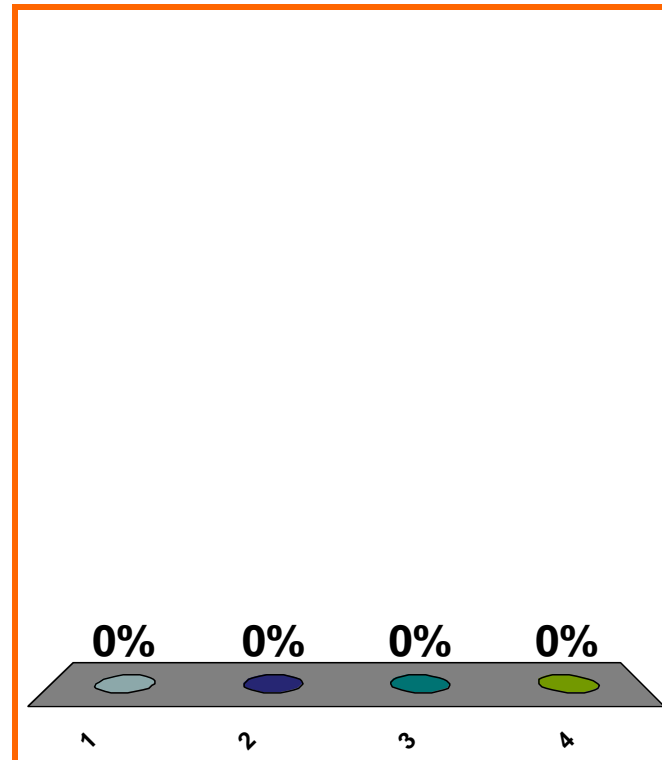
(a) DNE

(b) $[1/2] [7^{-1/2}]$

(c) $7^{1/2}(\ln 7)$

(d) none of the above

Correct answer: 0



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

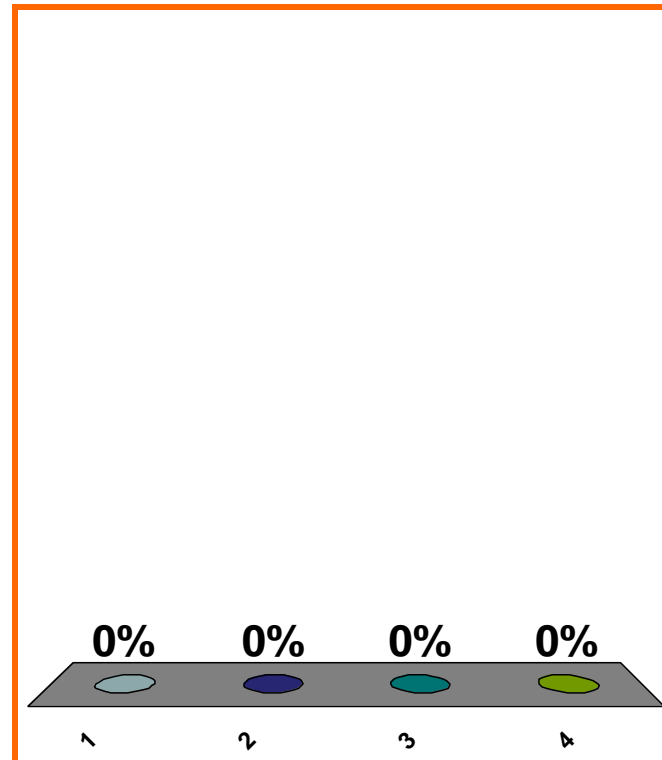
$$\frac{d}{dx} [x^{1/2}] = ??$$

(a) DNE

(b) $[1/2] [x^{-1/2}]$

(c) $x^{1/2}(\ln x)$

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

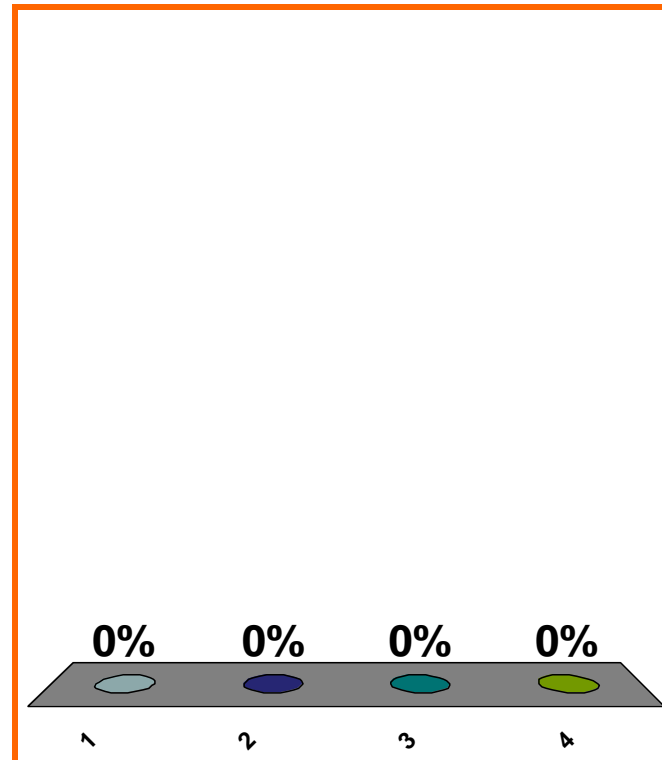
$$\frac{d}{dx} [(\ln 5)x] = ??$$

(a) $x/5$

(b) $\ln 5$

(c) 0

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

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Topic 0310

0 pts

33

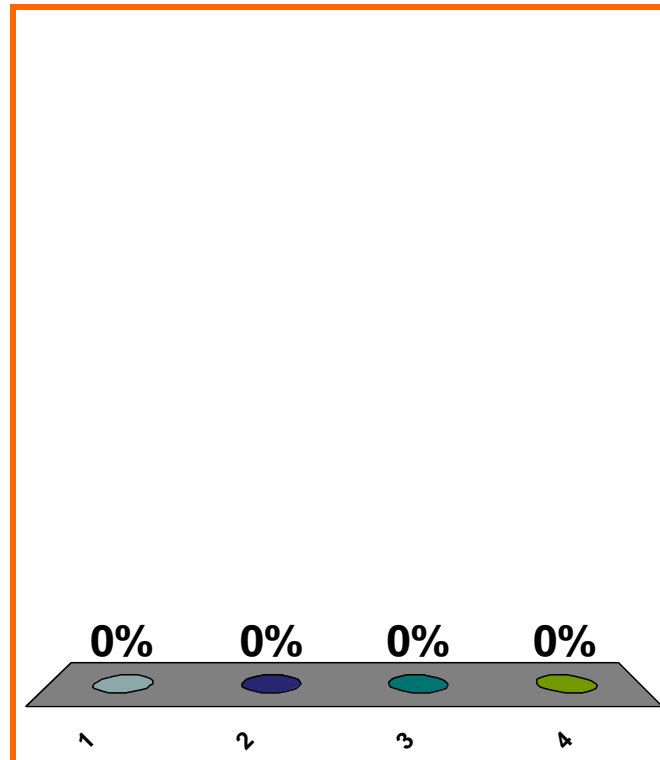
$$\frac{d}{dx} [e^{-2x}] = ??$$

(a) e^{-2}

(b) $-2e^{-3x}$

(c) 0

(d) none of the above



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

SAVE THE
SESSION
DATA

RETURN TO
PRESENTATION

additivity of error

homogeneous vs. inhomogeneous

homog. linear polynomial in x, y, z

LOOK AHEAD

d/dt and d/ds

differentiation

differentiation w.r.t. x of expr. with y

log diff