MATH 1271 Spring 2013, Midterm #2 Handout date: Thursday 4 April 2013

PRINT YOUR NAME:

PRINT YOUR TA'S NAME:

WHAT RECITATION SECTION ARE YOU IN?

Closed book, closed notes, no calculators/PDAs; no reference materials of any kind. Turn off all handheld devices, including cell phones.

Show work; a correct answer, by itself, may be insufficient for credit. Arithmetic need not be simplified, unless the problem requests it.

I understand the above, and I understand that cheating has severe consequences, from a failing grade to expulsion.

SIGN YOUR NAME:

I. Multiple choice

A. (5 pts) (no partial credit) Compute $\lim_{x\to-\infty} (2x^3 + 4x - 3)e^{-x}$. Circle one of the following answers:

- (a) -3
- (b) 0
- (c) 2
- (d) ∞
- (e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

B. (5 pts) (no partial credit) Compute $\frac{d}{dx} [\ln |(2x+1)(3x-4)|]$. Circle one of the following answers:

(a)
$$\left| \frac{2}{2x+1} + \frac{3}{3x-4} \right|$$

(b) $\frac{6}{(2x+1)(3x+4)}$
(c) $\left| \frac{6}{(2x+1)(3x+4)} \right|$
(d) $\frac{2}{2x+1} + \frac{3}{3x-4}$
(e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

- C. (5 pts) (no partial credit) Compute $[d/dx][\sin^2(xy)]$. Circle one of the following answers:
 - (a) $[\cos^2(xy)][y + xy']$
 - (b) $2[\sin(xy)][\cos(y+xy')]$
 - (c) $2[\sin(xy)][\cos(xy)][y + xy']$
 - (d) $2[\sin(xy)][\cos(xy)]$
 - (e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

D. (5 pts) (no partial credit) Let f be a function such that $f'(x) = 3e^{4x}$. Suppose, also, that f(0) = 1. Which of the following is an equation of the tangent line to the graph of f at (0, 1). Circle one of the following answers:

- (a) $y = 3e^{4x}(x-1)$ (b) $y - 1 = 3e^{4x}x$ (c) y = 1 + 3x(d) y = 3(x-1)
- (e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

E. (5 pts) (no partial credit) The Quotient Rule says that (f/g)' is equal to what? Circle one of the following answers:

(a) $(fg' - gf')/g^2$ (b) $(gf' - fg')/g^2$ (c) g'/f'(d) f'/g'(e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

F. (5 pts) (no partial credit) Suppose $f'(x) = (x-1)^5(x-2)^6(x-3)^8$. Which of the following is a maximal interval of decrease for f? Circle one of the following answers:

- (a) $(-\infty, 1]$
- (b) $[1,\infty)$
- (c) $(-2,\infty)$
- (d) $[2,\infty)$
- (e) NONE OF THE ABOVE

II. True or false (no partial credit):

a. (5 pts) Let f and g be any two functions such that $\lim_{x \to 5} f(x) = 1$ and $\lim_{x \to 5} g(x) = 0$. Then $\lim_{x \to 5} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \infty$.

b. (5 pts) Let g be any function such that $\lim_{x\to\infty} [g(x)] = \infty$. Then $\lim_{x\to\infty} [(1/x)^{g(x)}] = 0$.

c. (5 pts) If f' > 0 on an interval I, then f is increasing on I.

d. (5 pts) Let f and g be any two functions such that $\lim_{x \to a} [f(x)] = \infty$ and $\lim_{x \to a} [g(x)] = \infty$. Then $\lim_{x \to a} [(f(x)) - (g(x))] = 0$.

e. (5 pts) Let u be any expression of x. Then $(d/dx)(e^{2u}) = e^{2u}(du/dx)$.

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VERSION D

I. A,B,C

I. D,E,F

II. a,b,c,d,e

III. 1,2.

III. 3.

III. 4.

III. 5. a,b,c

III. Computations. Show work. Unless otherwise specified, answers must be exactly correct, but can be left in any form easily calculated on a standard calculator.

1. (5 pts) Compute
$$\frac{d}{dx}\left[\frac{e^{-x^4}}{4-\cot(x^2)}\right]$$
. (Here e^{-x^4} means $e^{\left(-x^4\right)}$.)

2. (5 pts) Compute
$$\frac{d}{dx} [(3+2\sin x)^{5-x}].$$

3. (10 pts) Find an equation for the tangent line to $7x^{-3} - 5xy + y^2 = 4x - y$ at (1,3).

4. (10 pts) Compute $\lim_{x \to 0} (e^x - 3\sin x)^{7/x}$.

5. Let $y = x^4$. Then $\triangle y = px^3(\triangle x) + qx^2(\triangle x)^2 + rx(\triangle x)^3 + s(\triangle x)^4$, for some real numbers p, q, r, s.

a. (5 pts) Compute p, q, r and s.

b. (5 pts) Assuming $\Delta x \neq 0$, compute $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$.

c. (5 pts) Compute
$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$
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