## MATH 8702 TAKE HOME FINAL

May 9, 2013

## **INSTRUCTOR:** Anar Akhmedov

Name:	
Signature:	

ID #: \_\_\_\_\_

Show all of your work. No credit will be given for an answer without some work or explanation. You must do this exam **individually**. You may not consult with any other people about the exam, whether a student in this course or not. If a problem is unclear, you can ask me for a clarification. The exam is to be handed in to me by **2.30pm Friday**, May 17. The late take home final will not be accepted.

Problem	Points
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Total (70 points)	

1. (10 points) Suppose that  $\tau$  is purely imaginary, say  $\tau = it$  with t > 0. Consider the division of the complex plane into congurent rectangles obtained by considering the lines x = n/2, y = tm/2 as n and m range over the integers. (An example is the rectangle whose vertices are 0, 1/2,  $1/2 + \tau/2$ , and  $\tau/2$ ).

a) Show that  $\wp$  is a real-valued on all these lines, and hence on the boundaries of all these rectangles.

b) Prove that  $\wp$  maps the interior of each rectangle conformally to the upper (or lower) half-plane.

2. (10 points) Let  $\Omega = \mathbb{D} \setminus \{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}\}$ . Determine all analytic functions  $f : \Omega \to \Omega$  with the following property: if  $\gamma$  is any cycle in  $\Omega$  which is not homologus to zero (mod  $\Omega$ ), then  $f * \gamma$  is not homologus to zero (mod  $\Omega$ ).

3. (10 points) Prove that a continuous function on a domain is harmonic if and only if it satisfies the mean value property.

4. (10 points) By direct computation, show that if r(z) is a rational function of z, then the meromorphic 1-form r(z)dz of the Riemann sphere  $\mathbb{C}_{\infty}$  satisfies the Residue Theorem. (Hint: write r(z) in partial fractions.)

5. (10 points) Let X be the compact Riemann surface associated to the equation  $z^{2a} - 2w^b z^a + 1 = 0$ , for fixed integers a, b. Identify the branch points of the covering of the Riemann sphere defined by the z coordinate and compute the genus of X.

6. (10 points) Let X be the hyperelliptic surface defined by  $y^2 = x^5 - x$ . Note that x and y are meromorphic functions on X. Compute the principal divisors div(x) and div(y).

7. (10 points) Show that the "Klein curve" X defined by  $xy^3 + yz^3 + zx^3 = 0$  has genus 3, and realizes the Hurwitz bound by finding 168 automorphisms of X.