## MATH 1571H SAMPLE MIDTERM II PROBLEMS

October 21, 2014

INSTRUCTOR: Anar Akhmedov

The midterm exam will cover the Sections 3.1 - 3.6, 4.1 - 4.6

- 1. The sum of two positive numbers is 36. What is the smallest possible value of the sum of their squares?
- 2. Find the global maximum and global minimum of the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 12x$  on the closed interval [-2, 3]. Find the interval that f(x) is concave upward.
- 3. Sand falling at the rate of  $3ft^3/min$  forms a conical pile whose radius r always equals twice the height h. Find the rate at which the height is changing at the instant when the height is 10 feet. Recall that the volume V of a right circular cone is  $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ .
- 4. Compute the indicated derivatives of the functions y = f(x).

a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{sec(x)}{1 + tan(x)}$$

b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^4}{(x^2+2x)^5}$$

c) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

$$d) f(x) = \sin(5x)\cos(3x)$$

- 5. Let y be a function of x such that  $x^2y y^3 = 1$  and the derivatives y' and y'' exist at x = 0.
  - a) If y(0) = -3, compute y'(0).
  - b) Compute y''(0).
- 6. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 6xy$  at the point (3,3).
- 7. Show that tan(x) > x for  $0 < x < \pi/2$ .
- 8. Find, correct to six decimal places, the root of the equation  $3\cos(x) = x + 1$ .
- 9. Find the dimensions of the isosceles triangle of the largest area that can be inscribed in a circle of radius r.

1