

# MATH 1571H SAMPLE MIDTERM III PROBLEMS

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The midterm exam will cover the Sections 5.2 - 5.4, 6.2 - 6.7, 7.2 - 7.5.

1. Show that  $\cos(x^2) \geq \cos(x)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ . Deduce that  $\int_0^{\pi/6} \cos(x^2) dx \geq \frac{1}{2}$ .
2. Compute the integrals. Note that some of these integrals are indefinite and some definite.
  - a)  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos(x)\sin(x)}{3 + \cos^2(x)} dx$
  - b)  $\int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(1-x^2)^2} dx$
  - c)  $\int \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} dx$
  - d)  $\int x^3 \sqrt{x^2 + 1} dx$
3. Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to find the derivatives of the following functions.
  - a)  $\int_x^3 \sqrt{t^3 + 1} dt$
  - b)  $\int_1^{5x^2-1} \sin(t^3) dt$
  - c)  $\int_1^{x^4} \sec(t) dt$
4. Find the solution of the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$  that satisfies the initial condition  $y(0) = -3$ .
5. Given the function  $y = f(x) = 1/x$  and the partition  $P_3 : 1, 2, 3, 4$  of the interval  $[1, 4]$ . Compute the upper Riemann sum  $U_3$  and the lower Riemann sum  $L_3$ .
6. Find the area enclosed by the line  $y = x - 1$  and the parabola  $y^2 = 2x + 6$ .
7. Find the exact length of the curve  $y^2 = 4(x+4)^3$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 2$  and  $y > 0$ .
8. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the curves  $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2$  and  $y = 5 - x^2$  about the  $x$ -axis.
9. Set up an integral for the volume of the solid torus (the donut-shaped solid) with radii  $r$  and  $R$  obtained by rotating the circle  $(x-R)^2 + y^2 = r^2$  about the  $y$ -axis. Compute the volume of the torus.