## Partially Practicing

1. Compute the partial derivatives of the following function.
(a) $f(x, y)=3 x^{5} y-x^{2} y^{2}$
(b) $g(x, y)=\arctan (y \sqrt{x})$
2. Consider the function $f(x, y)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{x^{3}-y^{3}}{x^{2}+y^{2}}, & (x, y) \neq(0,0) \\ 0 & (x, y)=(0,0)\end{array}\right.$.
(a) Explain why you cannot use the quotient rule to compute $f_{x}(0,0)$.
(b) Compute $f_{x}(0,0)$ using the limit definition.
