

## Homework 1 Solutions

### 1.8 (a)

$$c_0 + c_1x + c_2y + c_3z + c_4(x^2 - y^2) + c_5(x^2 - z^2) + c_6xy + c_7xz + c_8yz,$$

where  $c_0, \dots, c_8$  are arbitrary constants.

### 1.7

$$u = \log[c(x-a)^2 + c(y-b)^2], \text{ for } a, b, c \text{ arbitrary constants.}$$

### 1.13

$$u = a + \frac{b}{r} = a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}, \text{ where } a, b \text{ are arbitrary constants.}$$

### 1.20

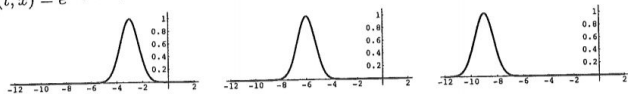
**Solution:** (a)  $\cos(x-2t) + \frac{1}{4} \cos x - 5 \sin(x-2t) - \frac{5}{4} \sin x$ ; (b)  $-\sin 3 \cos(x-2t) - \frac{1}{4} \sin 3 \cos x + \cos 3 \sin(x-2t) + \frac{1}{4} \cos 3 \sin x = \sin(x-2t-3) + \frac{1}{4} \sin(x-3)$ .

### 1.27

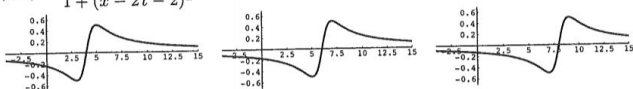
(b)  $u(x) = \frac{1}{6} e^x \sin x + c_1 e^{2x/5} \cos \frac{4}{5} x + c_2 e^{2x/5} \sin \frac{4}{5} x$ .

### 2.2.2

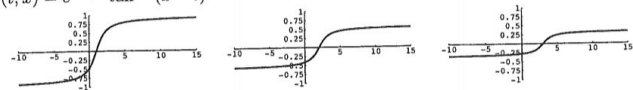
(a)  $u(t, x) = e^{-(x+3t)^2}$



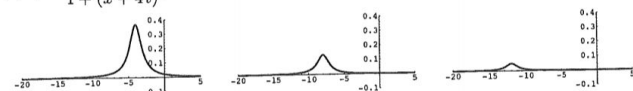
(b)  $u(t, x) = \frac{x-2t-2}{1+(x-2t-2)^2}$



(c)  $u(t, x) = e^{-t/2} \tan^{-1}(x-t)$



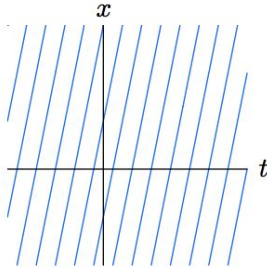
(d)  $u(t, x) = \frac{e^{-t}}{1+(x+4t)^2}$



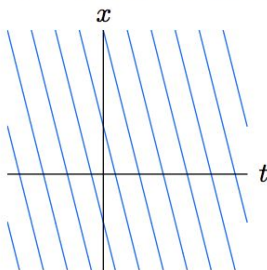
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**2.2.3**

(b) Characteristic lines:  $x = 5t + c$ ; general solution:  $u(t, x) = f(x - 5t)$ ;



(d) Characteristic lines:  $x = -4t + c$ ; general solution:  $u(t, x) = e^{-t}f(x + 4t)$ ;



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**2.2.5**

**Solution:**  $u(t, x) = -\frac{1}{2} \cos x + \frac{1}{2} \cos(x - 2t) + \sin(x - 2t)$ .

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**2.2.9**

(a)  $|u(t, x)| = |f(x - ct)| e^{-at} \leq M e^{-at} \rightarrow 0$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$  since  $a > 0$ .

(b) For example, if  $c \geq a$ , then the solution  $u(t, x) = e^{(c-a)t-x} \not\rightarrow 0$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

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