

Unassigned Problems

0066 - 1. Let $N = 100$.

a. Let $X \in \sum_{i=1}^N B_{0.75,d}^{0.25,u}$. Suppose $E[X] = 1.03$ and $SD[X] = 0.24$. Find d and u .

b. Let $Y \in \sum_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,d}^{p,u}$. Suppose d and u come from Part a. Choose $p \in (0, 1)$ such that $E[e^Y] = 1.02$. Find $E[Y]$ and $SD[Y]$.

a. We have that $E[X] =$

$N \left(E \left[B_{0.75,d}^{0.25,u} \right] \right) = 100 (0.25 u + 0.75 d) = 1.03$ and that $SD[X] = \text{Sqrt}[100 (0.25) (0.75)] (u - d) = 0.24$. Solving we obtain that $u \approx 0.05187$ and $d \approx -0.003556$.

b. $E[e^Y] = E \left[\exp \left(\sum_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,d}^{p,u} \right) \right] = E \left[\prod_{i=1}^N \exp \left(B_{1-p,d}^{p,u} \right) \right] = E \left[\prod_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,e^d}^{p,e^u} \right] = E \left[B_{1-p,e^d}^{p,e^u} \right]^{100} = (p e^u + (1-p) e^d)^{100} = 1.02$,

so that using the values of u and d from part a, we have $p (1.05324) + (1-p) (0.99645) = 1.02^{(1/100)} = 1.0002$, so that $p \approx 0.066$.

Then $E[Y] = N \left(E \left[B_{0.934,d}^{0.066,u} \right] \right) =$

$100 (0.066 (0.05187) + 0.934 (-0.003556)) \approx 0.01$ and $SD[Y] = \text{Sqrt}[100 (0.066) (0.934)] (0.05187 + 0.003556) \approx 0.138$.

0066 - 1. Let $N = 10^9$.

a. Let $X \in \sum_{i=1}^N B_{0.75,d}^{0.25,u}$. Suppose $E[X] = 1.03$ and $SD[X] = 0.24$. Find d and u .

b. Let $Y \in \sum_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,d}^{p,u}$. Suppose d and u come from Part a. Choose $p \in (0, 1)$ such that $E[e^Y] = 1.02$. Find $E[Y]$ and $SD[Y]$.

a. We have that $E[X] =$

$N \left(E \left[B_{0.75,d}^{0.25,u} \right] \right) = 10^9 (0.25 u + 0.75 d) = 1.03$ and that $SD[X] = \text{Sqrt}[10^9 (0.25) (0.75)] (u - d) = 0.24$. Solving we obtain that $u \approx 0.00001315$ and $d \approx -0.00000438$.

b. $E[e^Y] = E \left[\exp \left(\sum_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,d}^{p,u} \right) \right] = E \left[\prod_{i=1}^N \exp \left(B_{1-p,d}^{p,u} \right) \right] = E \left[\prod_{i=1}^N B_{1-p,e^d}^{p,e^u} \right] = E \left[B_{1-p,e^d}^{p,e^u} \right]^{10^9} = (p e^u + (1-p) e^d)^{10^9} = 1.02$,

so that using the values of u and d from part a, we have $p (1.00001) + (1-p) (0.999996) = 1.02^{(1/10^9)} = 1$, so that $p \approx 0.2857$.

Then $E[Y] = N \left(E \left[B_{0.7143,d}^{0.2857,u} \right] \right) = 10^9 (0.2857 (0.00001315) + 0.7143 (-0.00000438)) \approx 628.321$ and $SD[Y] =$

$\text{Sqrt}[10^9 (0.2857) (0.7143)] (0.00001315 + 0.00000438) \approx 0.25$.